

**GOOGLE LLC'S MOTION
IN LIMINE NO. 3 TO
EXCLUDE EVIDENCE
AND ARGUMENT
REGARDING
PRODUCTS, SERVICES,
REGULATIONS, AND
DATA FLOWS OUTSIDE
OF THE SCOPE OF
PLAINTIFFS'
ALLEGATIONS**

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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, OAKLAND DIVISION**

CHASOM BROWN, *et al.*, individually and
on behalf of themselves and all others
similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

GOOGLE LLC,

Defendant.

Case No. 4:20-cv-03664-YGR-SVK

**GOOGLE LLC'S MOTION *IN LIMINE*
NO. 3 TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE AND
ARGUMENT REGARDING PRODUCTS,
SERVICES, REGULATIONS, AND
DATA FLOWS OUTSIDE OF THE
SCOPE OF PLAINTIFFS'
ALLEGATIONS**

Hon. Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers

Trial Date: January 29, 2024

1 I. INTRODUCTION

2 This is a case about purported misleading disclosures regarding what data Google receives
 3 from users in private browsing mode. But Plaintiffs’ pretrial disclosures suggest that they intend to
 4 complicate trial by introducing irrelevant and prejudicial evidence of separate and unrelated
 5 supposed “misconduct.” Plaintiffs contend that they were misled by Google’s disclosures into
 6 thinking that browsing using *private browsing mode* (“PBM”) on the Chrome, Safari and Edge
 7 browsers *while not signed in* to a Google Account would block all *transmissions to Google*. See
 8 Dkt. 886 (Fourth Amended Complaint) ¶ 192 (defining classes composed of Google account holders
 9 who used private browsing modes to browse on non-Google websites without signing into their
 10 Google accounts). Yet Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits suggest that they will attempt to introduce wide-
 11 ranging evidence on irrelevant and highly prejudicial topics, such as unrelated government
 12 investigations and discussions of Google products not at issue in this case. If not excluded, such
 13 evidence will unfairly prejudice the jury against Google (by, for example, suggesting that Google
 14 employees’ statements regarding non-browser applications apply to the three browsers at issue here)
 15 and necessitate a series of mini-trials refuting the relationship of this evidence to Plaintiffs’ claims.
 16 Accordingly, Google respectfully seeks an order excluding certain documents and testimony or
 17 argument regarding (i) other litigation and regulations not at issue in this litigation;¹ (ii) non-browser
 18 applications or practices expressly excluded from Plaintiffs’ allegations;² and (iii) features that
 19 Google considered but never implemented.³

20 II. ARGUMENT

21 **Irrelevant Foreign and Domestic Investigations and Litigation:** Evidence regarding (i)
 22 foreign investigations and regulations; and (ii) domestic investigations involving non-browser
 23 products is irrelevant and highly prejudicial. Google’s compliance with foreign regulations and its
 24 involvement in unrelated domestic litigation are irrelevant—but would likely mislead the jury to
 25 believe those demonstrate that Google is liable here, too. See *In re CRT Antitrust Litig.*, 2016 WL

26 ¹ See Spilly Decl. Ex. A (list of Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits regarding other litigation and regulatory actions).

27 ² See *id.* Ex. B (list of Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits regarding non-browser products and Google practices excluded
 from the scope of Plaintiffs’ allegations).

28 ³ See *id.* Ex. C (list of Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits regarding proposed changes to Incognito functionality).

7803893, *2-3 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 15, 2016) (excluding Korean competition regulator’s press release describing its findings due to the “dispositive effect a jury is likely to give the document”); *Buonanoma v. Sierra Pac. Power Co.*, 2010 WL 3724254, at *5 (D. Nev. Sept. 16, 2010) (evidence of “other lawsuits” excluded because it “could unfairly bias the jury against [defendant] for [] acts that did not take place in this case and confuse the jury into thinking it could hold [defendant] liable in this action for alleged wrongs in other actions”).

Plaintiffs’ proposed evidence and allegations show that they intend to make improper arguments about (i) foreign regulations and investigations, *see, e.g.*, Pls.’ Exs. 61 (discussing Chrome for users located in China); 380 (Google document titled “Tools to help publishers comply with the GDPR” (*i.e.*, European regulations)); 708 (third party document from IAB Europe—a European trade association for digital advertisers—discussing European privacy and competition regulations); and (ii) domestic lawsuits and regulatory investigations involving non-browser applications, *see, e.g.*, Dkt. 886 ¶¶ 24-28 (discussing FTC consent decree regarding Google Buzz social networking application). Courts regularly exclude such evidence because its minimal (if any) probative value is significantly outweighed by the danger of undue prejudice, and it requires complex legal testimony to even attempt to place it in context for a lay jury. *See, e.g., U.S. v. Pac. Gas & Elec. Co.*, 178 F. Supp. 3d 927, 947-48 (N.D. Cal. 2016) (excluding conclusions of NTSB investigation because the “ultimate issue of the NTSB investigation . . . is not at issue in this case”).

Non-Browser Products and Signed-In Users: Plaintiffs’ allegations are specifically limited to users who used private browsing modes on specific browsers (*i.e.*, Chrome, Safari, and Edge) to browse non-Google websites while signed out of their Google accounts. *See* Dkt. 886 ¶ 192. But Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits show that they plan to mislead the jury by submitting documents into evidence that do not relate to these browsers or signed-out users at all:

- Plaintiffs’ Exhibits 38, 54, 454, 455, 876, and 885 discuss non-Browser mobile apps (*e.g.*, the Google App (“xGA”) and Google Search App (“GSA”)—not Chrome or any other browser.
- Plaintiffs’ Exhibits 541 and 771 only concern Google’s collection and use of data from users who are *signed into a Google account*.
- Plaintiffs’ Exhibit 118 exclusively discusses browsing in *regular mode*.

- 1 • Plaintiffs’ proposed Exhibits 322 and 780 relate exclusively to an identifier that is used for
2 *Google websites* like google.com. See Ex. 789 at -380 (“Zwieback is the pseudonymous
3 unauthenticated user ID for *google.com*.” (emphasis added)).

4 Plaintiffs have not alleged that non-browser apps are relevant to the case in any way—much
5 less covered by the same privacy policies. Plaintiffs have also expressly excluded non-private
6 browsing and signed-in private browsing from the class definition. If Plaintiffs are permitted to
7 introduce inflammatory quotes from these documents, Google would in turn need to spend trial time
8 explaining why each document does not relate to the allegations at issue here. Courts regularly
9 exclude evidence regarding products that are not at issue and non-class members because of the risk
10 that such evidence will mislead the jury. *See, e.g., Pom Wonderful LLC v. Tropicana Prod., Inc.*,
11 2010 WL 11519185, at *5 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 1, 2010) (evidence regarding Tropicana products not at
12 issue in litigation excluded as irrelevant and likely to unduly confuse the jury); *Kirola v. City &*
13 *Cnty. of San Francisco*, 2010 WL 3476681, at *12 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 2, 2010) (granting motion *in*
14 *limine* to exclude evidence of alleged ADA violations at facilities outside of class definition).

15 **Features That Were Never Implemented:** Many of Plaintiffs’ proposed exhibits show
16 that they plan to mislead the jury by introducing irrelevant evidence regarding contemplated
17 functionalities for Chrome’s Incognito mode *that were never implemented*:

- 18 • Plaintiffs’ Exhibit 21 (at -67) discusses rejected proposals to strengthen Incognito mode by, *e.g.*,
19 [REDACTED]
- 20 • Plaintiffs’ Exhibit 425 discusses “[REDACTED]” features that Google never implemented
21 because, *inter alia*, [REDACTED]
22 [REDACTED]. *See Spilly*
23 Decl., Ex. D (McClelland Tr.) 28:13-29:17.

24 Internal discussion of proposed features and Google’s decision not to implement them could
25 be relevant only if Plaintiffs alleged that, for example, Google somehow violated a duty owed to
26 Plaintiffs by electing not to move forward with these features. *Hernandez v. Wells Fargo & Co.*,
27 2019 WL 3017657, at *4 (N.D. Cal. July 10, 2019) (“[F]ailure to act without any duty cannot
28 plausibly be considered immoral, unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous or substantially injurious.”).

1 Plaintiffs have never made any such allegations, but their inclusion of these exhibits indicates that
 2 they plan to mislead and confuse the jury by introducing evidence about these rejected proposals
 3 that will require fact-intensive mini-trials to refute. This would unfairly prejudice Google and waste
 4 trial time. *Waymo LLC v. Uber Techs., Inc.*, 2018 WL 646701, at *22 (N.D. Cal. Jan. 30, 2018)
 5 (excluding evidence of rejected proposal because it “strays far out of bounds in describing at length
 6 Uber’s consideration of an [initiative] . . . that Uber *never implemented*” and thus has “no discernible
 7 relevance to the claims in this case in an apparent bid to poison the judge, if not the jury, against
 8 Uber”) (emphasis in original).

9 **III. CONCLUSION**

10 For the foregoing reasons, the Court should exclude any evidence or argument regarding
 11 products, services, regulations, and data flows that are outside the scope of Plaintiffs’ allegations.

12
 13 DATED: October 17, 2023

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